U. S. Corrosion Technologies, LLC

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# CorrosionX® for Guns Safety Data Sheet

# Section 1. Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name: CorrosionX® For Guns

Product Numbers: 50010
Synonyms: Not applicable
SDS Number: Not applicable
Issue Date: 10/11/2016
Version Number: A1.50
Revision Date: 5/31/2017

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified Uses:

Corrosion Inhibitor / Moisture Displacer / Lubricant

Uses advised against: Other uses are not recommended unless an assessment is completed, prior to commencement

of that use, which demonstrates that the use will be controlled.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: U.S. Corrosion Technologies, LLC

2638 National Drive, Garland, TX 75041

 Telephone:
 972-271-7361

 Fax:
 972-278-9721

 Email:
 info@corrosionx.com

 Website:
 www.corrosionx.com

Distributor in Australia: Applied Industrial Technologies Pty Ltd

22 Stamford Road Oakleigh VIC Australia 3166

PO Box 1011, Huntingdale VIC 3166

Tel: +613 9567 8700 AH: +61 427 740 927 Fax: +613 9567 8733

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number:

Poisons Information Centre: (24/7) Australia: 13 11 26

For Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), 24 hour emergency telephone, call CHEMTREC® at

1-800-424-9300 (US, Canada, Puerto Rico); 1-703-527-3887 (elsewhere).

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification, according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, (Safe Work Australia, December 2011) applies. Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

### **Hazard Summary**

Health Hazard(s)

Skin Sensitizer Category 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction (H317)

Eye Irritation Category 2B Causes eye irritation (H320)

Physical Hazard(s)
Environmental Hazard(s)
None

Specific Hazard(s)

Aspiration Hazard Category 1 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways (H304)

Material can accumulate a static charge.

Main symptoms: May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract with symptoms

including upset stomach and diarrhoea. May cause irritation to the respiratory system with symptoms including coughing and sneezing. May cause transient eye irritation with symptoms including lacrimation (tears) and a burning sensation.

# 2.2 Label Elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011).

Signal Word: DANGER

<u>(1)</u>

Hazard Pictograms:
Hazard Statements

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways (H304) May cause an allergic skin

eaction (H317)

Precautionary Statements : Store locked up (P405) Keep out of reach of children (P102) If medical advice is

needed, have product container or label at hand (P101) If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician (P301 + P310) Do NOT induce vomiting (P331) Dispose of contents and container in accordance with

applicable regulations (P501) **Supplemental label information:**Contains petroleum oil.

2.3 Other hazards Material can accumulate a static charge

# Section 3. Composition and information on ingredients

#### This material is a mixture.

Chemical Name	EC Number	REACH Reg. No.	CAS Number	Percent by Wt.	CLP Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	265-157-1	Not Est.	64742-54-7	>90	Asp. 1; H304
Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentaoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14-tert-alkyl	931-384-6	01-2119493620-38	Trade Secret	0.1-1	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1; H317

Additional information: For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

#### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

**General Advice:** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. **Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. If on skin: (P302) Wash with plenty of water. (P352) If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice. (P333+313)

**Eye Contact:** If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

**Ingestion:** Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects both Acute and Delayed

**Symptoms:** May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Inhaled vomitus can cause pulmonary injury and death.

## 4.3 Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

**Notes to Physician:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

**5.1 Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances / surrounding environment.

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Spray and Regular Foam Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture:** Combustion can generate smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, mercaptans, sulfides, including hydrogen sulfide, phosphorus oxides and other phosphorus containing compounds and aldehydes. Hydrogen sulfide and alkyl mercaptans and sulfides may also be released.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

**Special firefighting procedures:** Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to cool adjacent structures and to protect personnel. Shut off source of flow, if possible. Stay away from storage tank ends. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of storage tank due to fire.

5.4 Hazchem Code: 2[Z]

2 Fine Water Spray.

Z There is NO danger of violent reaction or explosion; breathing apparatus must be worn and the spillage must be contained.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal Precautions / Protective Equipment / Emergency Procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Avoid contact with spilled material. Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary people away.

For emergency responders: Caution should be exercised regarding personnel safety and exposure to the released product. Avoid contact with spilled material. Use caution as spills may be slippery. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. 6.2 Environmental Precautions: Avoid release to the environment. If product is released to the environment, take immediate steps to stop and contain release if it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and deny entry. See section 12, Ecological information.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For small spills: do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak when safe to do so. Cover drains and prevent entry into waterways or sewers. Use clean, tools to collect absorbed material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Contact appropriate authorities and local experts for further advice. For land spills: do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak when safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Contact appropriate authorities and local experts for further advice. For large spills, dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak when safe to

do so. Cover drains and prevent entry into waterways or sewers. Recover using pumps or suitable, inert absorbent and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

For water spills: stop leak when safe to do so. Warn surrounding and downstream vessels of potential hazards or to evacuate area.

For water spills: stop leak when safe to do so. Warn surrounding and downstream vessels of potential hazards or to evacuate area. Contain spill with booms and use as a barrier to protect shorelines. Begin recovery of product as soon as possible. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Contact appropriate authorities and local experts for further advice.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

# 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

**Protective measures:** Read label before use. (P103) Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear protective gloves. (P280) Wash hands thoroughly after handling (P264) Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. (P363) Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. (P272) Avoid breathing mist or spray. (P261) Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not to eat, drink and smoke in work areas, wash hands after use and remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Follow all SDS/label precautions.

Measures to prevent fire: Bonding and grounding may be insufficient to eliminate the hazard from static accumulation.

Maximum Handling Temperature: 60°C

## 7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

**Storage conditions to avoid:** Store in original closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10: Stability and Reactivity). Freezing will affect the physical condition but will not damage the material. Thaw and mix before using.

Maximum Storage Temperature: 45°C

7.3 Specific End Use(s): End uses are listed in an attached exposure scenario when one is required.

# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational exposure limit values: No occupational exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Biological limit values: No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures: None known.

#### 8.2 Exposure Controls

**Appropriate engineering controls:** Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels at an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information:** Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye / Face Protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) approved to Australian standards. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

**Respiratory Protection:** None required under normal use conditions. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. An air purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge or canister, such as an organic vapour cartridge may be used in circumstances where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits. Consult appropriate Australian standards for recommendations for respirator masks and filters.

#### Skin Protection

Appearance:

**Hand Protection:** Users should wear impermeable gloves such as neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves (tested to Australian standards). Glove suitability for a job must be determined by the user for specific use conditions. Any glove information provided is based on published literature and manufacturer data.

The type of gloves to consider for use with this material is: Nitrile: permeation rate: > 480 minutes, thickness: 15 mil

Transparent

>1 (calc.)

>1 (calc.)

Other Protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Where forearm protection is required, wear gauntlets, gloves with an extended cuff covering part of the forearm. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. **Thermal hazards:** Not applicable.

**Environmental exposure controls:** Minimize contact with soils to prevent runoff into waterways. Prevent entry into waterways. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water):

Solubility (other):

**Petroleum Distillates** 

Viscosity, cSt @ 40°C:

**Autoignition Temperature:** 

**Decomposition Temperature:** 

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Form: Non-viscous Colour: Greenish-brown Odour: Fresh scent Odour threshold: Not available pH: Not applicable -22°F / -30°C Melting/Freezing Point: Initial Boiling Point/ and Boiling Range: >400°F / 204°C Flash Point: 132°C / 270°F Method: Cleveland Open Cup Evaporation Rate (BuAc= 1): < 0.01 Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability Limit, Lower vol %: Not established Flammability Limit, Upper vol %: Not established

cSt @ 100°C:
Viscosity temperature
Explosive properties:
Oxidising properties:

n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: (log Kow)

Insoluble

>=4

33.2

7.0

Not Established

Not established

Not established

Not established

Not established

**Electrostatic properties** 

Vapour Density (Air=1):

Vapour Pressure, mmHg @23°C:

Conductivity < 50 pS/m
Volatile by volume (%): 7
Non-volatile by Volume (%): 93

Relative Density @15.6°C (pounds/gallon) 7.46

9.2 Other Information
Specific Gravity @15.6°C:
Chemical family:
Dissociation constant:

0.895
Hydrocarbon
Not applicable

Dielectric Strength (KV): 30

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
- 10.2 Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.
- 10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Will not occur by itself, but masses of more than 454 g of product plus an aliphatic amine can cause irreversible polymerisation with considerable heat.
- **10.4 Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid excess heating above 180°C over long periods of time. Avoid unventilated areas. Keep container closed when not in use to avoid absorption of moisture and lowering of dielectric properties.

**10.5 Incompatible Materials:** Bases, acids, amines and oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Does not decompose when used for intended uses. No known hazardous decomposition products.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **General information**

Exposure to this material may cause adverse effects or damage to the following organs or organ systems: skin, eyes, and lungs. Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract. Symptoms may include upset stomach and diarrhoea. Aspiration can result in severe injury to the lungs and death.

Inhalation: Under normal conditions, inhalation is not expected to be a problem. However, respiratory tract irritation may occur if exposed to mists or heated vapors.

Skin contact: Not anticipated to cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact as from clothing wet with material may cause dermatitis. May cause allergic contact dermatitis in sensitised individuals. Symptoms may include redness, oedema, drying and cracking of the skin.

Eye contact: May cause transient irritation, lacrimation (tears) and a burning sensation in the eyes.

## 11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

## **Acute Toxicity**

Product

Acute Toxicity - Oral: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Acute Toxicity - Dermal: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Classification: Not irritating (Read across); Rabbit.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Classification: Irritating (Read across): Rabbit.

Respiratory sensitisation: Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

**Skin sensitisation:** May cause sensitisation by skin contact. (Supplier information)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Carcinogenicity: Contains mineral oils which are severely refined and not considered carcinogenic. Demonstrated to contain less than 3% extractables by the IP 346 test. Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Developmental effects: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Fertility: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: If material is misted or if vapors are generated from heating,

exposure may cause irritation of mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract.

Specific Target organ toxicity - Repeated Exposure: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria. Aspiration Hazard: Material can be aspirated into the lungs during the act of swallowing or vomiting. This could result in severe injury to the lungs and death.

# Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Acute Toxicity - Oral: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg (Read across) Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Acute Toxicity - Dermal: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg (Read across) Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation: LC50 (Rat): >2000 mg/L (Read across) Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Classification: Not irritating (Read across); Rabbit.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Classification: Irritating (Read across): Rabbit

Respiratory sensitisation: Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

**Skin sensitisation:** May cause sensitization by skin contact. (Supplier information)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Carcinogenicity: Contains mineral oils which are severely refined and not considered carcinogenic. Demonstrated to contain less than 3% extractables by the IP 346 test. Not classified

Reproductive toxicity: >2,000 mg/kg dermal. Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria.

Developmental effects: > 150 mg/kg/day, Read across from supporting substance Result: NOAEL

Fertility: >893 mg/kg/day, Read across from supporting substance Result: NOAEL

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: If material is misted or if vapors are generated from heating, exposure may cause irritation of mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract.

Specific Target organ toxicity - Repeated Exposure: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria. Aspiration Hazard: Material can be aspirated into the lungs during the act of swallowing or vomiting. This could result in severe injury to the lungs and death.

#### Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentaoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl

Acute Toxicity – Oral: LD50 (Rat): Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data
Acute Toxicity – Dermal: LD50 (Rabbit): Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation: LC50 (Rat): Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Classification: Not irritating (Read across); Rabbit.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Classification: Irritating (Supplier information)

Respiratory sensitisation: No data available

Skin sensitisation: May cause sensitization by skin contact. (Supplier information)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified; has not exhibited mutagenic or genotoxic potential in laboratory tests.

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified: has not exhibited reproductive toxicity potential in laboratory.

Developmental effects: No data available

Fertility: No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: No data available

Specific Target organ toxicity - Repeated Exposure: Not classified: conclusive data do not meet classification criteria. Evaluated in a 28-day oral gavage study (OECD 407) in rats. Treatment related effects included microscopic changes in the adrenal glands of male and female rats and kidneys of male rats at 150 and 500 mg/kg/day. The NOAEL for this study was 150 mg/kg/day.

Aspiration Hazard: Material can be aspirated into the lungs during the act of swallowing or vomiting. This could result in severe injury to the lungs and death.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Product**

Fish: Not toxic to fish but may coat gill structures resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water.

**Toxicity to Terrestrial Plants:** If applied to leaves, may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration and respiration.

**Toxicity to Above-Ground Organisms:** May be moderately toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration. May cause gastrointestinal distress in birds and mammals through ingestion.

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

**Fish:** LC50 Pimephales promelas > 100 mg/l, 96 hours; Not toxic to fish but may coat gill structures resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water.

Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50 Daphnia magna > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours; NOEL Daphnia magna 10 mg/l, 21 days

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants: NOEL Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata > 100 mg/l, 72 hours

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms: No data available

Sediment Toxicity: No data available

**Toxicity to Terrestrial Plants:** If applied to leaves, may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration and respiration.

**Toxicity to Above-Ground Organisms:** May be moderately toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration. May cause gastrointestinal distress in birds and mammals through ingestion.

Toxicity to microorganisms: No data available

# Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentaoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl

Fish: LC50 (Rainbow Trout, 4 Days): 24 mg/l; NOEC (Rainbow Trout, 4 Days): 3.2 mg/l; LC50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 Days): 8.5 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): 91.4 mg/l, EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 21 d):

0.66 mg/l, NOEC (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 21 d): 0.12 mg/l **Toxicity to Aquatic Plants:** EC50 (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum), 4 Days): 6.4 mg/l; NOEC (Green algae

(selenastrum capricomutum), 4 Days): 1.7 mg/l **Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms:** No data available

Sediment Toxicity: No data available

Toxicity to Terrestrial Plants: No data available

Toxicity to Above-Ground Organisms: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and Degradability

#### **Product**

Biodegradation: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation is possible with 100 to 120 days in aerobic environments at

temperatures above 21 °C.

BOD/COD Ratio: No data available

Hydrolysis Half-life No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate in aquatic organisms.

12.4 Mobility in soil: Not established

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment**: Does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB **12.6 Other Adverse Effects**: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected.

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

**Biodegradation**: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation is possible with 100 to 120 days in aerobic environments at temperatures above 21 °C.

BOD/COD Ratio: No data available Hydrolysis Half-life No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate in aquatic organisms.

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): No data available

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow): >= 4

12.4 Mobility in soil: No data available

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment**: Not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative nor toxic (PBT) or very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other Adverse Effects: No data available

# Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentaoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl

**Biodegradation**: Dissolved organic carbon 3.6% (28 d, Inherent Sludge), Carbon dioxide generation 7.4% (28 d, OECD TG 301 B)

BOD/COD Ratio: No data available Hydrolysis Half-life No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate in aquatic organisms.

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): No data available

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow): No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil: No data available

**12.5** Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment: Not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative nor toxic (PBT) or very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other Adverse Effects: No data available

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

or waste disposal.

# 13.1.1 Product / Packaging Disposal

Product Wastes from Residues/ Unused Product: Recycle waste or used oils whenever possible in accordance with national and regional provisions. Incineration in an approved facility is recommended unless directed otherwise by appropriate authority. Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with applicable National, State and Territorial regulations. Contaminated Packaging: Empty remaining contents. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Container packaging may exhibit hazards. Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery

**13.1.2 Waste treatment – relevant information:** Recycle waste or used oils whenever possible in accordance with National, State and Territorial provisions. Incineration in an approved facility is recommended unless directed otherwise by appropriate authority.

13.1.3 Sewage disposal - relevant information: Waste should not be disposed of by release to sewers.

**13.1.4 Other disposal recommendations:** Final decisions on the appropriate waste management method, in line with National, State and Territorial provisions and possible adaptation to local conditions, remains the responsibility of the waste treatment operator.

### Section 14. Transport information

Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, temperature of the material, package size, and/or origin and destination. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material. For transportation, steps must be taken to prevent load shifting or materials falling, and all relating legal statutes should be obeyed.

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Hazchem Code: 2[Z]

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated as dangerous goods.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Marine Pollutant: No

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: Not intended to be transported in bulk.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation for the Substance or Mixture

Substances that deplete the ozone layer None Persistent Organic Pollutants: None

Australia

This material is considered hazardous according to Australia Model Work Health and Safety Regulations.

This material is not regulated according to Australian Dangerous Goods Code.

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Listing: The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule**: A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**New Zealand** 

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation.

HSNO Hazard Classes: 6.4A, 6.1E, 6.5B

Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS5433:2007 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land. NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals): All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory or are exempt.

# Section 16. Other information

Prepared by: U.S. Corrosion Technologies, LLC Technical Services Department

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

National Fire Protection Association (704) Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 Other:

Full text of H-statements: see SECTION 3.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

Disclaimer: The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results and assume no liability for damage incurred by use of this material. All chemicals may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Final determination of suitability of the chemical and application of such products is the sole responsibility of the user. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or any other nature are made hereunder with respect to the information contained herein or the chemical to which the information refers. It is the sole responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable Laws and Regulations. Any questions with regards to information contained herein should be referred to U. S. Corrosion Technologies, LLC (972) 271-7361.